



RURAL DISTRICT OF MALMESBURY
WILTSHIRE

A N N U A L R E P O R T

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 1968.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY.

(a) MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

C.L. Broomhead, T.D., M.D., B.Ch., D.P.H.
from 1st January to 20th October, 1968.

J.R. Wray, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.
from 21st October to 31st December, 1968.

Offices: Municipal Offices, Monkton Park, Chippenham.
Tel. No. Chippenham 2821, Extension 49.

Also: Medical Officer of Health for the:

Boroughs of Calne, Chippenham and Malmesbury and

The Rural District of Calne and Chippenham.

Assistant County Medical Officer.

School Medical Officer.

(b) SECRETARY TO THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

S.G.V. Williamson, Cert. R.I.P.H.H.

(c) CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR AND SURVEYOR.

R.S. Pierce, Cert. S.I.B., Meat and Other Food Inspector's Cert.

(d) SENIOR ADDITIONAL PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR.

R.T. Baynham, Cert. S.I.B., Meat and Other Food Inspector's Cert.
Diploma of the Royal Society of Health for Smoke
Inspectors.

(e) ADDITIONAL PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR.

D. Peck, Cert. P.H.I.E.B., Cert. R.S.H., Meat and Other Food
Inspector's Cert.

The Public Health Committee of the Council deals with all
matters relating to public health.

The Chairman and Members,
Malmesbury Rural District Council.

Mr. Chairman and Members,

I have pleasure in presenting my Annual Report for the year 1968,
in accordance with the Public Health Officers Regulations, 1959.

The vital statistics for the District are favourable, showing an
increased birth rate but a low infant mortality rate.

I am grateful to Dr. Broomhead for the help he has given me, and
for the support I have received from the Council and its Officers.

I have the honour to be,
Your obedient servant,

John R. WRAY.

Medical Officer of Health.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

Area (in acres)	...	...	...	57,705
Population (Registrar General's estimate)	...	...	...	11,090
Number of inhabited houses (end of 1968 according to Rate Book)				3,470
Number of Council dwellings at the end of 1968			...	636
Number of applicants for Council dwellings at the end of 1968				196
Rateable value	...	...	...	£314,097
Sum represented by the Penny Rate (estimated).				£1,245

VITAL STATISTICS.

Birth and Death Rates as compared with other areas.
(Births and Deaths per 1,000 population) standardised.*

	<u>Birth Rate</u>		<u>Death Rate</u>	
	<u>1967</u>	<u>1968</u>	<u>1967</u>	<u>1968</u>
Malmesbury Rural District	17.9	19.3	11.7	9.3
Malmesbury Borough ...	14.9	15.6	8.7	17.8
Wiltshire ...	17.8	17.6	10.2	10.9
England and Wales ...	17.2	16.9	11.2	11.9

*Area comparability factors are supplied to each district by the Registrar General. These take into account the varying age/sex distribution of the population in different parts of the country. When applied to the local rates, they allow a more accurate comparison to be made between different areas.

Still Births.

Six still births were notified during 1968. The rate per 1,000 total live and still births is 28. The rate for England and Wales is given by the Registrar General as 14.

Infant Mortality.

	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
Under 1 week of age ...	1	1	2
Infant mortality rate for the District (per 1,000 live births) ...	...	...	10
Comparative rate for England and Wales (per 1,000 live births) ...	...	...	18

Deaths - Analysis of Causes of Death.

	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
Tuberculosis, including late effects.	1	-	1
Malignant neoplasm, stomach	2	1	3
Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	7	-	7
Malignant neoplasm, breast	-	2	2
Malignant neoplasm, uterus	-	2	2
Leukaemia	1	-	1
Other malignant neoplasms etc.	3	3	6
Diabetes	2	-	2
Other diseases of nervous system etc.	2	-	2
Chronic rheumatic heart disease.	2	-	2
Hypertensive disease	1	-	1
Ischaemic heart disease	9	6	15
Other forms of heart disease	9	3	12
Cerebrovascular disease	4	7	11
Other diseases of circulatory system	-	3	3
Pneumonia	1	3	4
Bronchitis and emphysema	1	-	1
Other diseases of digestive system	-	1	1
Hyperplasia of prostate	1	-	1
Other diseases, genito-urinary system	-	1	1
Diseases of musculo-skeletal system	-	1	1
Congenital anomalies	-	1	1
Birth injury, difficult labour etc.	1	-	1
Other causes of perinatal mortality	-	1	1
Motor vehicle accidents	1	-	1
All other accidents	-	1	1
Suicide	1	-	1
All other external causes	1	-	1
Total All Causes	50	36	86

Coronary heart disease and other forms of heart disease were the main causes of death. It should be noted that 14% of the male deaths were due to cancer of the lung. Cigarette smoking is now recognised as a major contributory factor to this disease.

INFECTIOUS AND NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.

The Public Health (Infective Jaundice) Regulations 1968, came into effect on 15th June, 1968. These made the disease infectious hepatitis notifiable.

As from October 1st, 1968 new Public Health (Infectious Diseases) Regulations came into effect. These altered the list of notifiable diseases by making yellow fever, tetanus and leptospirosis notifiable, and excluding from the list pneumonia and puerperal pyrexia. The Regulations also extended the powers of the Local Authority to enable them to require a person to stop work, in order to prevent the spread of infection, in cases of food poisoning.

The following diseases were notified during 1968:-

Pulmonary tuberculosis	1
Measles	11
Infective Jaundice	13
Scarlet fever	6
Food Poisoning	15
Whooping Cough	4

Food Poisoning.

In August an outbreak of food poisoning occurred due to a salmonella montevideo infection. Altogether fifteen persons in the Malmesbury Rural District were found to be affected, as well as a few in surrounding districts. All the persons affected had attended a party at a village pub. None were seriously ill. The cause was traced to infected chicken which had come from a shop in Swindon. The Swindon Authorities found that two of the staff at the shop were symptomless excretors of the organism. The chickens had come to the pub pre-roasted. If they had been properly cooked again the germs would have been killed off. Since then the Health Inspectors have warned catering establishments of the danger of "spit-roasting" - a form of cooking in which the inside of the chicken does not become heated enough to kill off all germs. All reputable firms that now sell frozen chickens have instructions on the packet advising the public on the time needed to thaw out the bird, and the time and heat for cooking.

Although salmonella infection may not be serious in healthy adults they can sometimes seriously affect the very young or the very old. An outbreak like this can involve the Health Department in a great deal of work, as the contacts have to be followed up and the persons affected persuaded to produce specimens after treatment to show that they are free from infection. Unfortunately some people continue to excrete the germ for a long time afterwards, although they feel quite well; that is why a strict follow-up of contacts is required.

Infectious Hepatitis.

This is a virus disease endemic in this country, although cases have only recently become notifiable. Most people get their immunity (like they do for measles) in childhood. An attack of the disease may be so mild that it is like a stomach upset, but in severe attacks the patient becomes jaundiced (yellow) and then the disease is easily recognised. The disease is spread only by human carriers by direct contact, so that proper hand-washing after the toilet can limit the spread of severe infection.

PREVENTION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE - IMMUNISATION AND VACCINATION.

Provision for immunisation against infectious disease is the responsibility of the County Council Health Committee. Immunisation against diphtheria, whooping Cough, tetanus, poliomyelitis and measles is available from one's family doctor and from County Council Child Welfare Immunisation Clinics. Smallpox vaccination is carried out by the General Practitioners at their patient's request.

I am indebted to Dr. C.D.L. Lycett, the County Medical Officer of Health for the following figures concerning immunisation and vaccination procedures carried out in the Rural District during the year.

Diphtheria, Whooping Cough, Tetanus & Measles.

<u>Year of Birth.</u>		1968	1967	1966	1965	1964	1959- 63	1953- 58	Others under 16
Primary imms. completed during 1968.	Diph.	63	73	2	2	2	13	1	-
	Wh/c.	62	73	2	1	-	2	-	-
	Tet.	63	73	2	2	2	20	5	10
	Measles	2	10	17	14	26	157	38	-
Reinf. injects. administered during 1968.	Diph.	-	32	61	3	12	102	2	-
	Wh/c.	-	20	42	2	5	23	-	-
	Tet.	-	32	61	3	12	110	3	5

Smallpox.

<u>Age group.</u>	<u>Months</u>				<u>Years</u>		
	<u>0-3</u>	<u>3-6</u>	<u>6-9</u>	<u>9-12</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2-4</u>	<u>5-15</u>
Vaccinations	-	-	-	-	-	4	5
Re-vaccinations	-	-	-	-	-	-	22

Poliomyelitis.

3 oral doses.	4th oral after 3 inj. or 3 oral.
---------------	-------------------------------------

<u>Age group.</u>		
1968	51	-
1967	61	28
1966	2	56
1965	2	-
1964	1	7
1959-1963	11	109
1953-1958	1	3
Others under 16	-	-
Others over 16	1	1
TOTALS	130	204

SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

During the year work started on the North-Eastern Area Sewerage Scheme which will serve the parishes of Charlton, Crudwell, Hankerton, Lea and Cleverton, Minety, Oaksey and St. Paul, Malmesbury Without. Along with this scheme the District are paying towards extensions to the Malmesbury Borough Sewage Disposal Works which will deal with the extra sewage generated.

Regular complaints of polluted ditches continue to be received from Brinkworth and Corston. It is hoped that the Government will approve an extension of the North-Eastern Scheme which will include the village of Corston.

WATER SUPPLIES.

Most of the District receives its water supply from the North Wilts. Water Board. In the east, some water is obtained from the Bristol Waterworks Company, and in the west there is a supply from the Swindon Waterworks. There are four small private supplies. Regular samples of water are taken by the Public Health Department for bacteriological examination, and immediate action taken in the event of an unsatisfactory sample.

The water supplies have been satisfactory in quality and in quantity throughout the year.

In the villages south and south-west of Malmesbury supplied from the Rodbourne borehole of the North Wilts. Water Board the fluoride content of the water varies from 0.6 to 0.8 parts per million.

The Bristol Waterworks Company supply 736 houses in the District and report that the fluoride content of the water supplied is 0.4 parts per million.

The Swindon Water Department supply in bulk to the North Wilts. Water Board, and this water serves the parishes of Brinkworth and Minety. The fluoride content of this water varies from 0.25 to 0.40 parts per million.

OTHER PUBLIC HEALTH MATTERS.

Details of services under the Food and Drugs Act 1955 and information required under the Factories Act 1961 will be found in the attached report of the Chief Health Inspector.

REPORT OF SURVEYOR AND CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1968.

OFFICERS OF THE DEPARTMENT.

(As at 31st December, 1968).

R.S. Pierce	Surveyor and Chief Public Health Inspector.
R.T. Baynham	Senior Additional Public Health Inspector.
D. Peck	Additional Public Health Inspector.
M.H. Martin	Engineering Assistant.
A.J. Jackson	Resident Engineer. (Temporary).
B.W. Townsend	Building Inspector.
J. Kerslake	Clerk of Works.
J.H. Humphreys (Mrs)	Housing Management Assistant. (Part time).
G.J. Poulton (Miss)	Shorthand Typist/Clerical Assistant.
E.M. Burnley (Miss)	Shorthand Typist/Clerical Assistant.

HOUSING.

Council Houses.

The Council own:- Elderly persons' grouped dwellings comprising 26 bungalows, warden's flat and communal rooms.

Other dwellings:-	28	1	bedroomed bungalows
	104	2	" "
	25	2	" houses
	442	3	" "
	10	4	" "

609

31 families were rehoused in existing Council houses through changes of tenancy during the year.

All applicants for Council houses who either live or work in the Rural District are registered without any waiting period or immediate investigation of their circumstances.

The number of such applicants at the end of the year was 196.

A considerable number of these applicants are persons who live outside but work in the District and would like to move nearer to their work. It is also found on investigation that while many people would like to rent a Council house and apply accordingly, the number in actual need of alternative accommodation is very much smaller.

During the year the development of the Parklands site was completed by the erection of 26, 3 bedroomed houses, 28, 2 bedroomed and 4, 1 bedroomed bungalows, and 6 bed/sitter bungalows were linked to the old people's dwellings at Parklands Close. The scheme also included 27 garages. These dwellings are all central-heated and tenant reaction to date has been generally very favourable.

As many repairs as possible are carried out by direct labour but most exterior painting is being carried out by Contract. This very necessary maintenance has not been carried out as often as desired and an attempt is now being made to catch up with the back-log.

The average cost of repair of houses during 1968 was about £17. 0. Od. per house with an additional cost of approximately £3 per house for maintenance of sewage plants, management etc.

The 12 houses at Lea Crescent have been improved by the provision of bathrooms, internal W.C.'s, hot water systems, etc. The unsatisfactory cesspool drainage systems were replaced by a new septic tank system pending the provision of main sewers.

Up to the end of 1968, 138 houses have been improved.

8 garages were completed at Avon Rise and the Council now own 113 garages for letting to tenants.

Private Enterprise Building.

The number of houses completed and in course of erection has remained almost constant but the number of approvals has increased by about 30%.

Planning applications have also increased in number.

Administration of Building Regulations, 1965.

No. of plans submitted for approval	211
No. of plans passed	210
No. of houses completed during the year	77
No. in course of erection	87
No. of inspections in connection therewith	1789

Town and Country Planning Act, 1962.

The Council continued to exercise the powers of delegation by the Wilts. County Council with regard to development control.

No. of applications for permission to develop	198
No. approved without conditions	83
No. approved with conditions	66
No. of applications withdrawn	12
No. of applications refused	35
No. of applications not yet determined	2
No. of inspections in connection therewith	401

Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act, 1960.

No site licences were issued during the year and the number of caravans licenced at present is 82 on 31 sites. Many of the sites however are void and at the end of the year a total of approximately 53 caravans were stationed on 14 sites.

No. of inspections	24
--------------------	----

Inspection of Dwellings.

No. of inspections of dwellings for defects under Housing or Public Health Acts.	256
No. of dwellings found to be unfit for human habitation.	12
No. found to be not in all respects fit.	22
No. of dwellings repaired by informal action.	28
No. of cases of statutory action.	NIL
No. of houses demolished.	5
No. of houses closed.	NIL
No. of undertakings accepted.	14
No. of overcrowded dwellings known at end of year	2

Housing (Financial Provisions) Act, 1958. (As Amended).

House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959. (As Amended).

Improvement Grants.

The number of applications for grants has remained fairly constant and there seems little doubt that many potential applicants are awaiting the proposed new legislation under which grants are to be increased from £400 to a maximum of £1000. There has been a considerable increase in the number of applications for standard grant.

Discretionary Grants.

No. of applications received during the year	23
No. of applications approved.	23
No. of applications withdrawn.	NIL
No. of schemes completed.	13
Average grant per dwelling.	£388. 10s. 0d.

Standard Grants.

No. of applications for standard grants received	
during the year	20
No. of grants approved during the year	20
No. of amenities provided during the year -	
Baths	7
Basins	8
Hot water supplies	9
Water closets	7
Foodstores	5
Septic tanks	6
No. of inspections of grant aided premises	278

WATER.

During the year the following samples from main supplies were taken for bacteriological examination:-

<u>Source.</u>	<u>No. of Samples.</u>	<u>Satisfactory.</u>	<u>Void.</u>	<u>Unsatisfactory.</u>
Bristol Waterworks Main	14	12	2	-
Chelworth Main	15	13	1	1
North Wilts. Water Board	52	48	3	1
Swindon Corporation Main	12	12	-	-
Westonbirt Main	14	12	2	-
Private Supplies	3	2	-	1
	<u>110</u>	<u>99</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>3</u>

No. of visits in connection therewith 142

SEWERS AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

As I have pointed out in previous reports, the installation of main water supplies throughout practically the whole of the District, and consequent increase in drainage makes the need for main sewerage schemes greater than ever.

The Council's policy has been to encourage house building by private enterprise and the improvement of older property by the installation of water closets and baths, the only possible drainage outfalls in many cases at present being cesspits or septic tanks. In areas with pervious subsoil, effluent disposal by soakage is reasonably efficient but in that part of the District with a clay or water-logged subsoil there are many cases of unauthorised discharge of septic tank effluents to ditches and watercourses which thereby become polluted and lead to complaints often from those persons responsible for the trouble.

The increasing use of detergents is making maintenance and effluent disposal even more difficult than in the past.

Until such time as sewage schemes can be provided, if houses are to be built or improved, the occupants must be prepared to accept a certain amount of inconvenience in drainage disposal.

The Hullavington, Sherston and Great Somerford sewage disposal plants have been well maintained during the year and samples of effluent have been reported to be satisfactory.

Difficulty is being experienced in disposing of sludge from the works, Farmers appear to be growing more and more reluctant to take the sludge, even free of charge, and it is anticipated that disposal will become more difficult in the future.

The North Eastern Sewerage Scheme has at last been commenced and work has continued steadily in spite of unfavourable weather conditions.

The completion of this scheme will enable owners of property to remove the causes of pollution in a large part of the Rural District.

The most urgent needs are now those of Brinkworth and Corston and it is hoped that schemes for these villages can be prepared and approved for commencement when the North Eastern Scheme is completed.

REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL.

Refuse is now collected weekly, by direct labour, over the whole of the Rural District.

More householders are realising the need to provide proper covered fly-proof dustbins but unsuitable containers such as sacks, cardboard boxes and old baths etc., continue to be used in some circumstances.

Most of the refuse from the Rural District is now tipped at Little Somerford, which tip is also used by the Malmesbury Borough Council by agreement.

The old marl pit at Sherston has been sealed down and Hullavington tip is now full and its use for tipping has ceased.

The Chelworth tip will be filled within a short time and unless alternative tips can be found it seems that Little Somerford will be the only one available within a year or two.

The first collection of bulky refuse was made during the summer. 70 loads were collected, 2 men being employed on 22 days and the lorries covering 1041 miles.

It is estimated that approximately 2600 tons of refuse was collected and disposed of during the year, an average of about 14cwt. per household, the lorries covering 16,614 miles.

EMPLOYMENT OF WORKMEN.

The Council now employ 14 workmen as follows:-

Housing maintenance and repair	4 full time and 1 part time.
Refuse collection and disposal	4 full time and 3 part time.
Sewage disposal	3 full time and 2 part time.
Housing management	2 part time.

Workmen engaged on sewage disposal and refuse collection are supplied with protective clothing for use in fine and wet weather and washing facilities have been provided on all the Council's vehicles. Toilet accommodation and washing facilities are provided for the use of the workmen at the Council's depot at Burton Hill.

The following vehicles are now being operated:-

2 25 cubic yard S. & D. refuse collection lorries.
2 vans - sewage disposal.
3 vans - housing repairs and maintenance.

PEST CONTROL.

Refuse tips and sewers have been treated for destruction of rodents as required. Private premises are treated without charge, on request.

No. of properties inspected for rodent infestations.	122
No. of properties found to be infested and treated.	117
Total number of visits in connection with pest control.	202

INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

108 visits were made and the necessary action taken following reported cases of infectious disease.

NUISANCES.

Regular inspections have been made over the District to detect and deal with nuisances. It has not been necessary to recommend the Council to take statutory action in any case, all nuisances having been dealt with informally.

FOOD INSPECTION.

Meat and Other Foods.

The 3 butchers shops are clean and in good condition and there is 1 licensed slaughterhouse and three licensed slaughtermen. There are no poultry processing premises within the District.

All animals slaughtered in the District for human consumption were inspected and the table below shows the percentage of carcasses found to be diseased.

The arrangements and management of the slaughterhouse are satisfactory. A total of 155lbs. of meat and offal at the slaughterhouse was found to be unfit for human consumption and condemned.

No. of visits to slaughterhouse

73

Carcases inspected and condemned in whole or in part.

	Cattle excluding Cows.	Cows.	Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Pigs.	Horses.
Number killed	54	NIL	9	25	17	NIL
Number Inspected	54	NIL	9	25	17	NIL
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci.</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned.	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	17	NIL	NIL	2	2	NIL
% of the number inspected affected with disease other than Tuberculosis or Cysticerci.	31.48	NIL	NIL	8	11.77	NIL
<u>Tuberculosis only:</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned.	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned.	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
% of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis.	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
<u>Cysticerci only:</u>						
Carcasses totally condemned or of which some part or organ was condemned.	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

Milk.

The Wilts. County Council delegated to the Council certain powers and duties under the Milk (Special Designation) Regulations, 1963.

27 samples of heat treated milk were taken during the year and tested for keeping quality and satisfactory heat treatment and 12 samples of untreated milk were tested for keeping quality. 1 of the untreated samples failed the prescribed test (methylene blue test) and the necessary action was taken, and 2 further samples were void, the remainder of the samples were satisfactory. 4 untreated samples were also submitted for biological examination and these were all satisfactory.

Total number of licensed distributors	8
No. of distributors licensed to sell pasteurised milk	6
No. of distributors licensed to sell U.H.T. milk	2
No. of producer/retailers and distributors licensed to sell untreated milk	6
No. of inspections of premises	24

Due mainly to the efforts of the Public Health Inspectors to encourage the sale of heat treated milk, not all the producer/retailers and distributors who are licensed to sell untreated milk are at present doing so, and it is hoped that this trend will continue.

Bakehouses.

The only bakehouse in the District is satisfactory.

Ice-cream.

No ice-cream is manufactured in the District, and all sold is prepacked by the makers.

No. of premises registered and selling ice-cream	44
No. of inspections	20

Public Houses.

Progress continues to be made in the provision of adequate sanitary conveniences and cleansing facilities in public houses, and most are now satisfactory.

No. of inspections	18
--------------------	----

Food Hygiene Regulations.

The mobile vehicles operating in the District are generally satisfactory and only relatively minor infringements of the Food Hygiene (Markets, Stalls and Delivery Vehicles) Regulations have been found. These have been dealt with informally.

No. of inspections of mobile food vehicles	16
--	----

All premises in the District used for the sale of food are generally in good condition and well maintained. Any improvements necessary to comply with the Regulations have been carried out without resort to legal proceedings.

Schedule of Food Premises in the District.

	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number fitted to comply with Regulation 16</u>	<u>Number to which Regulation 19 applies</u>	<u>Number fitted to comply with Regulation 19</u>	<u>No. of Inspns.</u>
Butchers	3	3	3	3	8
Grocers (including General Stores)	35	35	25	25	30
Bakers	1	1	1	1	4
Public Houses	30	30	30	29	18
Restaurants and Canteens	7	7	7	7	9
	<u>76</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>69</u>

The Liquid Egg (Pasteurisation) Regulations, 1963.

There are no egg pasteurisation plants in the District.

THE DISEASES OF ANIMALS (WASTE FOODS) ORDER, 1957.

Only two premises in the District are now registered under the above Order. Both are satisfactory.

No. of visits	4
---------------	---

STORAGE OF PETROLEUM SPIRIT.

All premises licensed for the storage of petroleum spirit and mixture are satisfactory.

No. of premises licensed	69
No. of inspections	91

SCRAP METAL DEALERS ACT, 1964.

This Act requires Local Authorities to maintain a register of scrap metal dealers.

No. of dealers registered by the Council during the year	1
Total number of registered dealers at the end of the year	10
No. of visits in connection with registration	8

ANIMAL BOARDING ESTABLISHMENTS ACT, 1963.

All premises licensed for the boarding of animals under the above Act are generally satisfactory.

No. of establishments licensed	7
No. of inspections	14

FACTORIES ACT, 1961.

Prescribed particulars on the administration of the Factories Act, 1961.

Part 1 of the Act.

1. Inspections for the purposes of provisions as to Health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

	<u>No. on Register.</u>	<u>Inspns.</u>	<u>No. of Written Notices.</u>	<u>Prosecutions.</u>
i) Factories in which Secs. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by L.A.'s	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Sec. 7 is enforced by L.A.'s	30	10	2	NIL
iii) Other premises in which Sec. 7 is enforced by the L.A. (excluding outworkers' premises).	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	30	10	2	NIL

2. Cases in which DEFECTS were found.

Particulars. (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of Prosecutions. (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred to H.M. Inspector (4)	by H.M. Inspector (5)	
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7).					
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	2	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective.	2	1	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes.	-	-	-	-	-
	2	1	-	2	-

MALMESBURY RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

OFFICES, SHOPS & RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963.

Annual Report for the year ending 31st December, 1968.

Registrations and General Inspections (Table A).

Class of Premises (1)	Number of premises registered during the year (2)	Total number of registered premises at end of year (3)	Number of registered premises receiving a general inspection during the year (4)
Offices		8	2
Retail shops	1	10	3
Wholesale shops, warehouses		2	-
Catering establishments etc.	1	1	-
Fuel storage depots	-	-	-
Totals	2	21	5

Number of visits of all kinds by Inspectors to Registered Premises (Table B).

15

Analysis of persons employed in Registered Premises by workplace (Table C).

Class of workplace (1)	No. of persons employed (2)
Offices	36
Retail shops	27
Wholesale departments, warehouses	9
Catering establishments etc.,	10
Canteens	-
Fuel storage depots	-
Total	82
Total Males	32
Total Females	50

Exemptions (Table D).

No applications for exemptions have been made under any Part of the Act during the year.
Number of exemptions current at 31st December: NIL.

Prosecutions (Table E).

No prosecutions have been instituted under any Part of the Act during the year.

Inspectors (Table F).

Number of Inspectors appointed under Section 52(1) or (5) of the Act: 3.
Number of other staff employed for most of their time on work in
connection with the Act NIL.

